

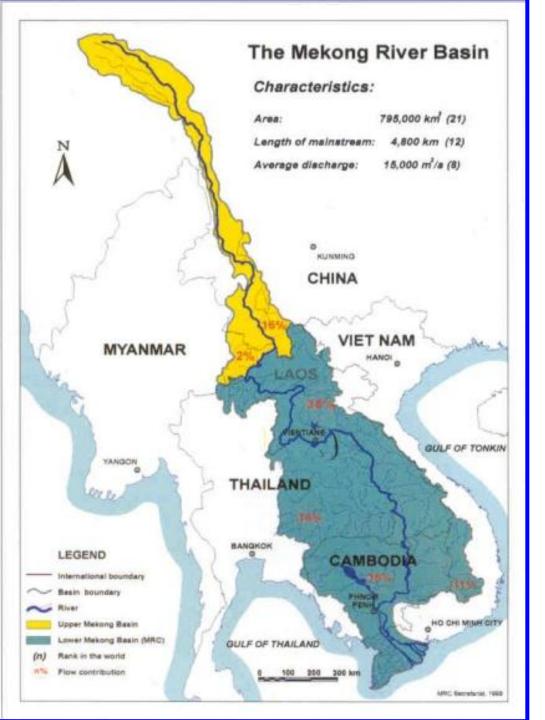


THE UNIVERSITY NETWORK FOR WETLAND RESEARCH AND TRAINING IN THE MEKONG REGION

The Role of Universities in the Mekong Basin in Filling Research Needs

Sansanee Choowaew, Tran Triet, Duong Van Ni, Jeb Barzen and all colleagues

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The Mekong River Systems

- natural ecosystems under serious threats
- importance of basin-based technical approach & collaboration

→ → The University
Network for Wetland
Research and Trainings in
the Mekong Region,
established in 2002

20 University members (as of September 2014)

CAMBODIA (4)

- Royal University of Agriculture
- Royal University of Phnom Penh
- Build Bright University
- Pannasastra University

CHINA (1)

Southwest Forestry University

LAO PDR (2)

- Champasack University
- National University of Laos

MALAYSIA (1)

Universiti Sains Malaysia

MYANMAR (2)

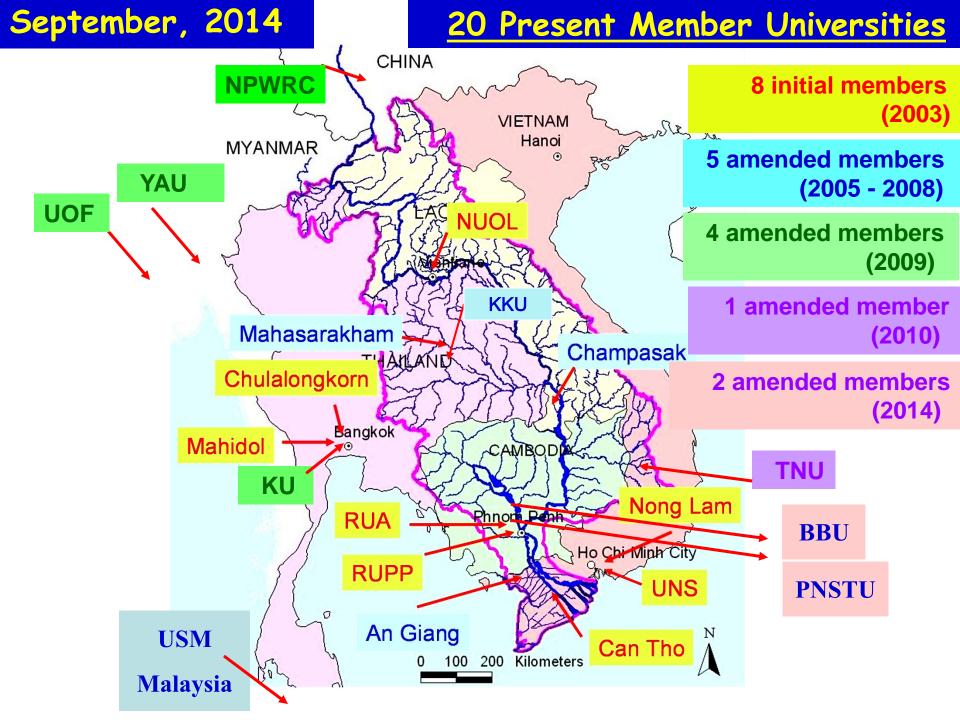
- University of Forestry
- Yezin Agriculture University

THAILAND (5)

- Chulalongkorn University
- Kasetsart University
- Khon Kaen University
- Mahasarakham University
- Mahidol University

VIETNAM (5)

- An Giang University
- Can Tho University
- Nong Lam University
- University of Science
- Tay Nguyen University



4 Executive Meetings; 3 Signing Ceremonies of Agreements on Academic Cooperation (2002, 2003, 2008, 2013)

























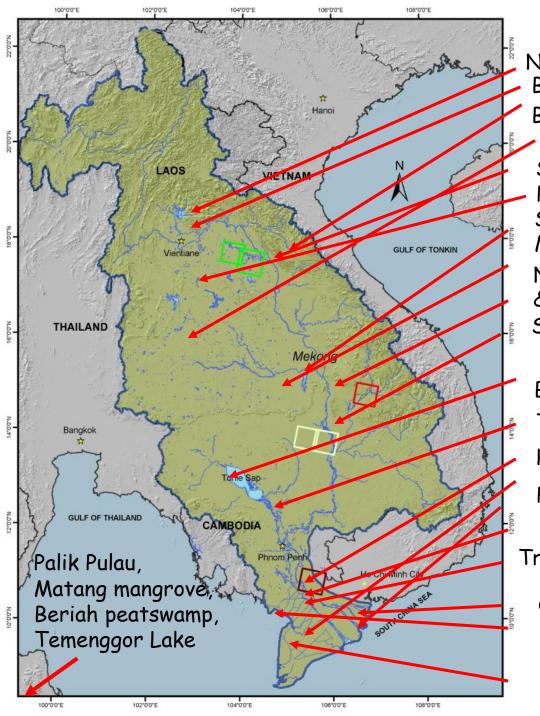








 2003 - 2014: 11 International field-based Training Courses on 'Wetland Ecology and Management'; member universities take turn hosting the trainings on a yearly basis; 243 junior lecturers, researchers, officers, practitioners of 10 countries; using almost 40 wetlands of different types in 5 countries as natural classrooms/laboratories; region-wide data collection & accumulation



> 40 field study sites

Nam Ngum Reservoir Bung Nong Nok

Bung Khong Long

Kaeng Lawa, Kud Daeng

Songkhram River & Mekong River
Phu Khieo Wildlife Sanctuary
Sanambin Wildlife Non-Hunting Area
Mun River, Pak Mun Dam, Mekong River
Nong Khum Keo, Nong Sanh, Nong Sala
& Don Khieo Island

Si Phan Don wetlands & Mekong Prek Toal & Tonle Sap Lake

Bung Cheung Ek, Phnom Penh

Tram Chim National Park

Hoa An Research Center

Phu My Grassland

Bung Binh Thien - riverine floodplain/swamp Tra Su Protected Area - Melaleuca swamp forest

Can Gio Mangrove

Hon Chong Coastal Wetland
U Minh Thuong National Park



Soil & Geology



WISE USE of wetlands



Hydrology



Biodiversity



Socio-economics

SPONSORS (number) = Training Course #

- ASEAN Regional Center for Biodiversity Conservation (1)
- International Crane Foundation (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10)
- John D and Catherine T MacArthur Foundation (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10)
- IUCN/UNDP/GEF Mekong Wetland Biodiversity Conservation Programme (2,3,4)
- Rockefeller Foundation (2)
- Royal Netherlands Embassy in Vietnam (3)
- World WildLife Fund (WWF) Russel E Train Education for Nature Program (3,5)
- USGS National Wetland Research Center (5, 6, 7, 8, 9)
- USGS Patuxent Wildlife Research Center (9, 10)
- US Department of State SE Asia Regional Environmental Hub Small Grants Program (7)
- US Embassy Thailand East & SE Asia Regional Environment, Science, Technology and Health Office (10)
- UNS, VNU-HCM, Vietnam (1); Mahidol University, Thailand (2); National University of Laos, Lao PDR (3); Royal University of Phnom Penh, Cambodia (4); Cantho University (5); Chulalongkorn University (6, 7); Champasak University (7); Universiti Sains Malaysia (7, 8, 9, 10); Royal University of Agriculture, Cambodia (8); An Giang University, Vietnam (10); Mahasarakham University, Thailand (11)

and many others

Basin-wide Research Collaboration

*** (2010 - 2012) *** Persistent Organic Pollutants in the Mekong River Basin

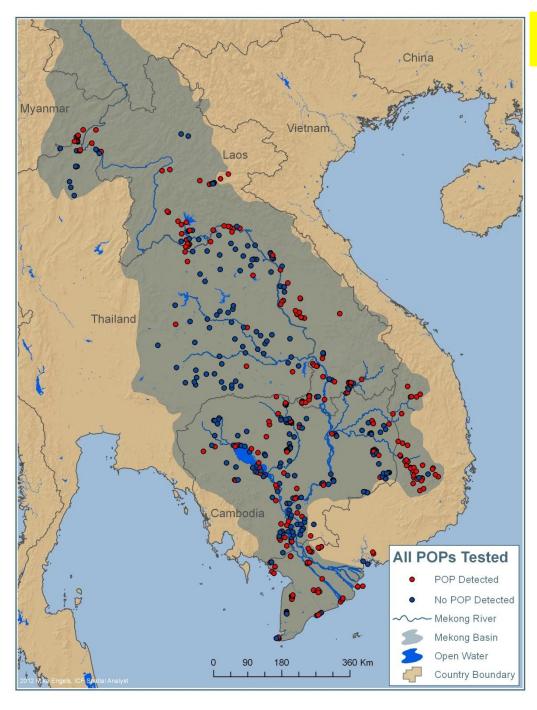
Research Partners: 8 universities (UNS, CTU, MU, MSU, NUOL, RUA, RUPP, YAU), ICF; USGS (NWRC, Water Science Center); University of Wisconsin - Madison; U.S. Department of State; OES; others (>70 researchers from 12 institutions)

Goal: Create a baseline for POPs in the entire Mekong Basin

Scope: a basin-wide study on 39 POPs: 21 Organochlorine pesticides and 18 Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in wetland soils

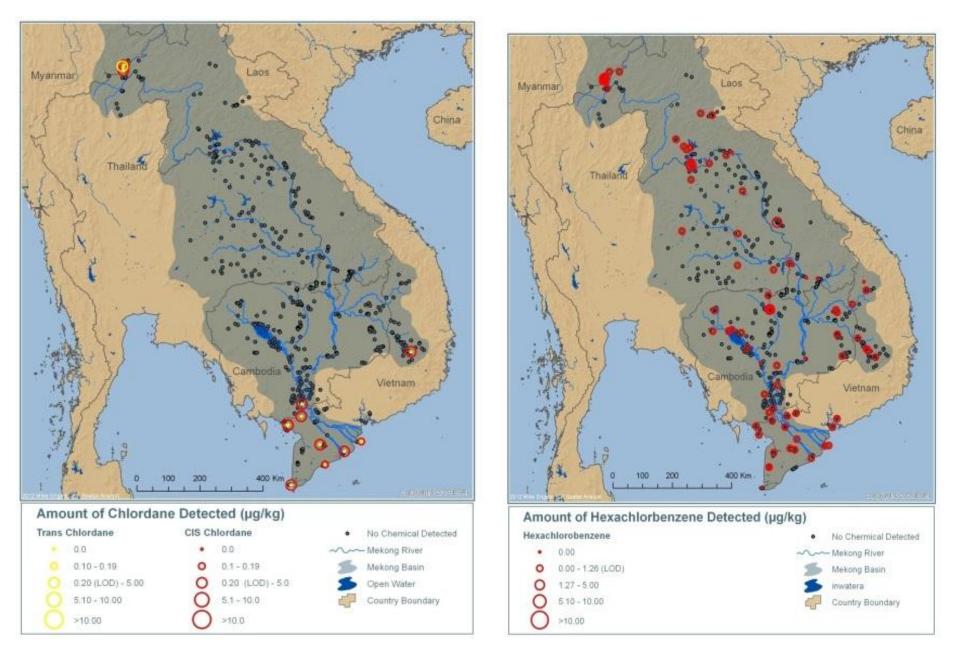
Activities & achievements: (a) Start-up workshop; (b) Practical trainings - research/field methods, use of database; (c) Selection of sampling sites; (d) Survey & data collection: 531 sediment samples from > 450 wetlands in 5 countries in the Mekong Basin; (e) Development of POPs web-based database and data sharing; and (f) Publication: USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2013-5196 available online at http://pubs.usgs.gov/sir/2013/5196/;

http://dx.doi.org/10.3133/sir20135196

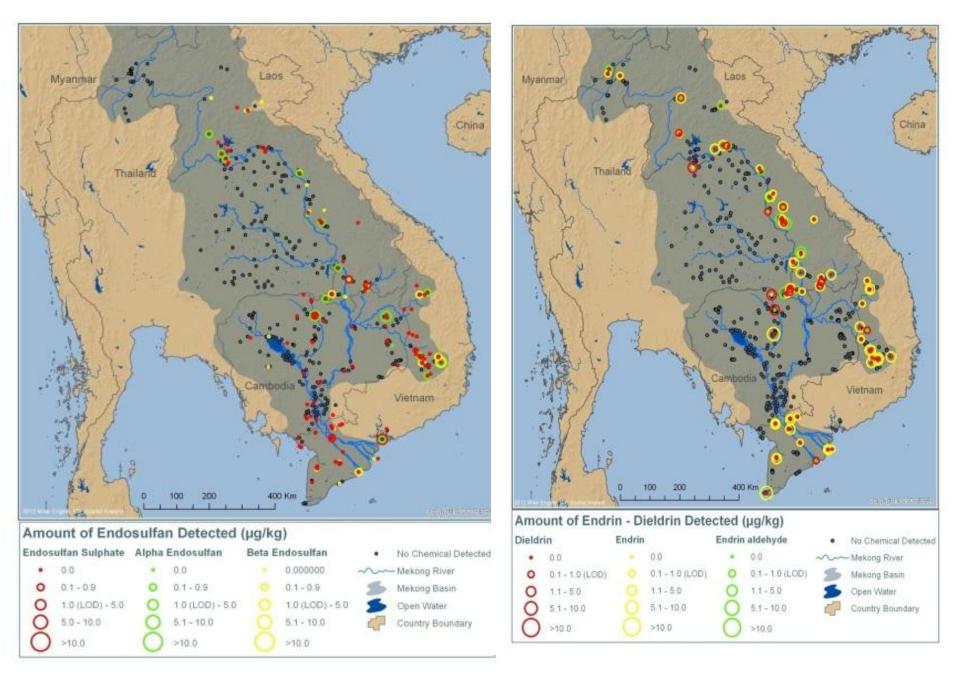


Some key findings

- POP residues: wide-spread in the MRB
- Magnitude of contamination: low in wetland environment
- Hot-spots exist, even in wetlands of conservation importance including Ramsar Sites
- Closer to urban areas, more POPs were found



Chlordane HCB



Endosulfan

Endrin - Dieldrin

Myanmai Amount of DD Detected (µg/kg) Jone Detected flekong River Askong Basin 1.0 (LOD) - 5.0 Country Boundary >10.0

Recommendations for future research

- Impacts of POPs on wildlife & human
- Identification &
 Analysis of POPs at
 'Hotspots' and impacts
 on ecosystem services
- POP residues and their links with land uses, hydrology

DDT & its derivatives - the biggest problem

Basin-wide Research Collaboration

*** (2010 - present) ***

Surface Elevation Table (SET)

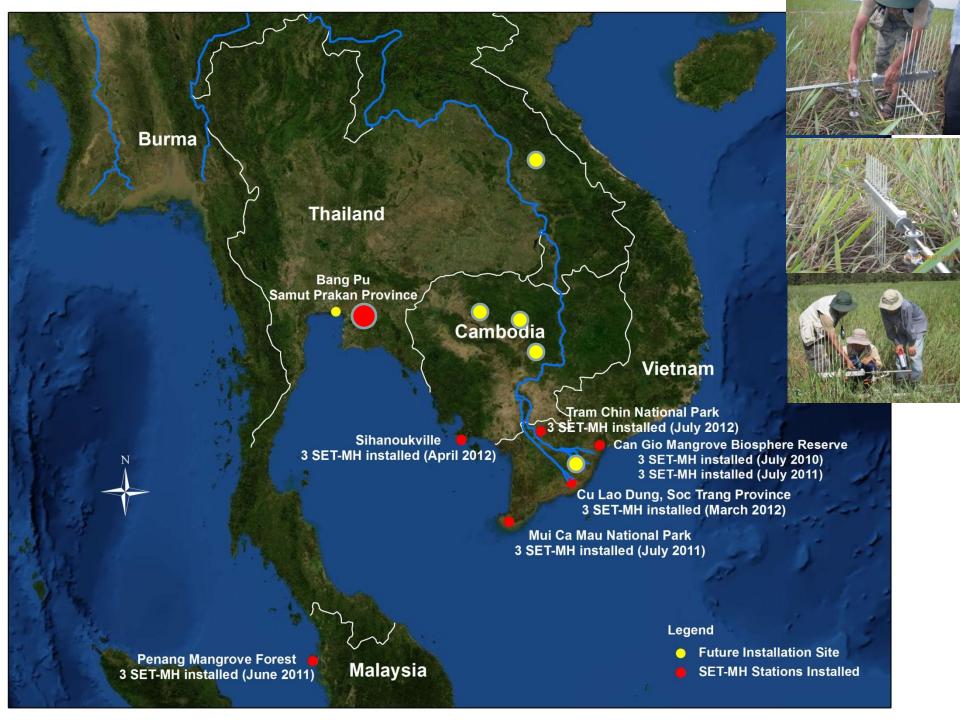
Instrument Installation, Data Collection, and

Surface Elevation Change Monitoring
in the Mekong River Basin and Southeast Asia

Partnership: 6 universities (UNS, CTU, MU, MSU, RUA, USM) + ICF; USGS Patuxent Wildlife Research Center; U.S. Dept. of State; others Goal: Create a baseline for long-term monitoring of surface elevation change in the Mekong River Basin and coastal areas of SE Asia

Activities: (a) Special lectures; (b) Practical trainings - research/field methods of SET installation and data collection; (c) Survey & selection of monitoring sites; (d) SET installation in Vietnam, Cambodia, Malaysia and Thailand; (e) Data collection; (f) Development of database and data sharing; (g) Long-term monitoring of surface elevation change in SE Asia

<u>Data sharing</u>: SET data from the 1st station in Thailand (Ban Khun Samut Chin, Samut Sakhon, Chao Phraya Delta) – available online at http://www.en.mahidol.ac.th/wetland/wmrct.html#activities



Regional research projects



- » EU-Asialink Project on Urban Ecosystem Management: UNS (Vietnam), MU (Thailand), University of Salzburg (Austria) and University of Helsinki (Finland)
- » Establishing several research groups e.g. Mimosa Group, Mekong Fish Group, Hydrology Group (on-going)
- » Botanical study of the family Zingiberaceae: UNS, NUOL, RUPP
- » Bamboos of Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam: UNS, RUPP, NUOL
- » Establishment of a network of botanists: Cambodia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand, Vietnam
- » Distribution and ecological impacts of the invasive alien species e.g. *Mimosa pigra* in the lower Mekong basin
- » Inventory & assessment of wetlands for Sarus Crane re-introduction in Thailand: UNS, ICF, MU, MSU
- » Many others

Academic Collaboration

- At the PhD level, Mahidol An Giang Can Tho Universities since academic year 2013: a PhD research on 'Vulnerability to Saline Intrusion and Adaptation Options for Rice and Fish Farming Households in the Mekong Delta of Vietnam'
- Exchange/Visits of lecturers, researchers at the Faculty & University levels
- · Regional scientific conferences and consultations



Network's CEO, Office & Contact Address





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